





### Hypolimnetic Dissolved-Oxygen Dynamics within Selected White River Reservoirs, Northern Arkansas and Southern Missouri, 1974-2008

White River Basin Comprehensive Study, Sponsor and Interagency Planning Team Meeting

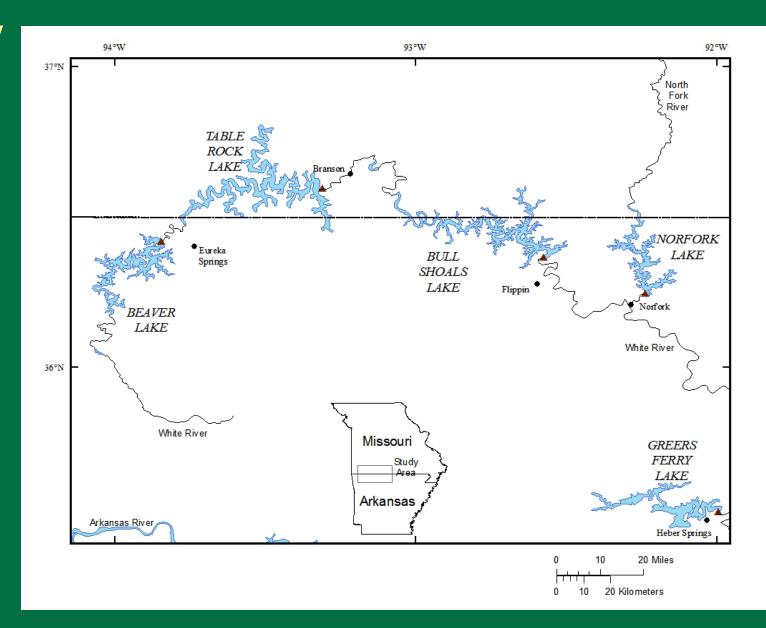
August 24-25, 2010 Yellville, Arkansas

US Army Corps of Engineers

Little Rock District

U.S. Department of the Interior U.S. Geological Survey

### Study Area





### Typical Thermal Stratification of a Lake

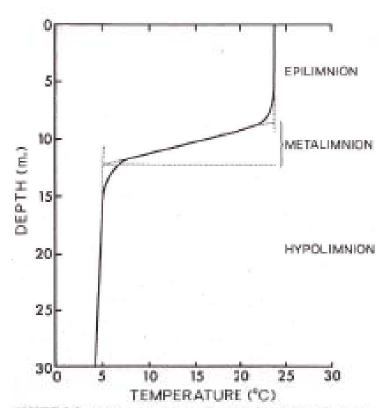
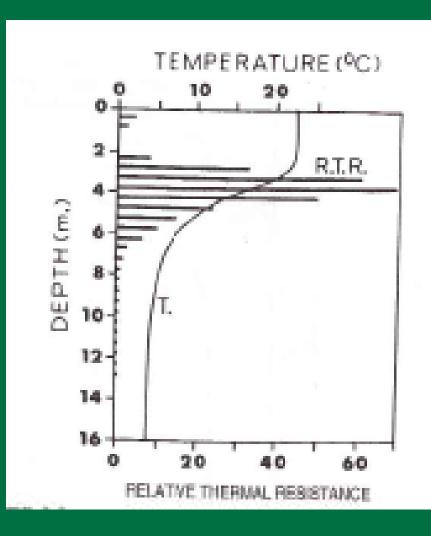


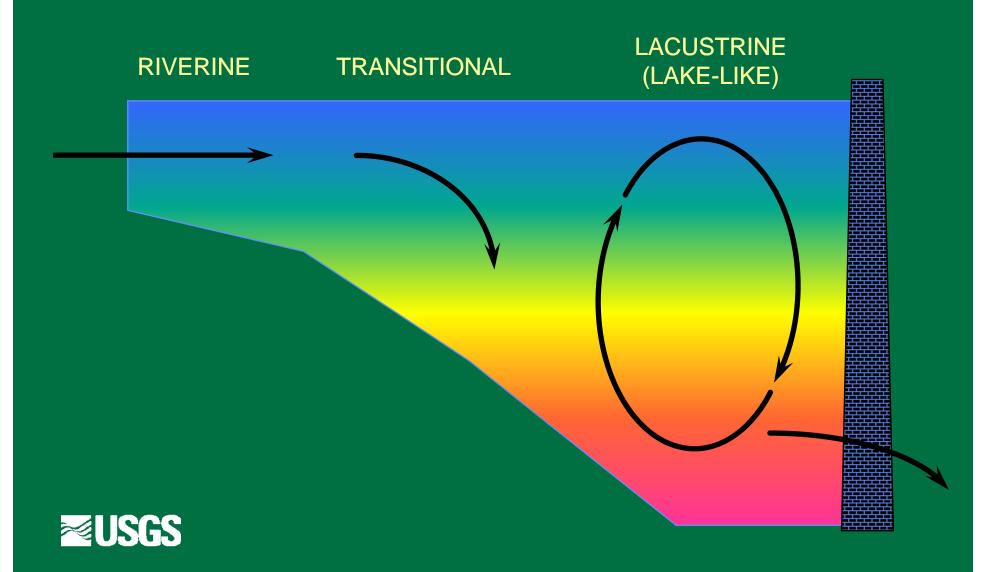
FIGURE 6-3 Typical thermal stratification of a lake into the epilimnetic, metalimnetic, and hypolimnetic water strata. Dashed lines indicate planes for determining the approximate boundaries of the metalimnion (see text).



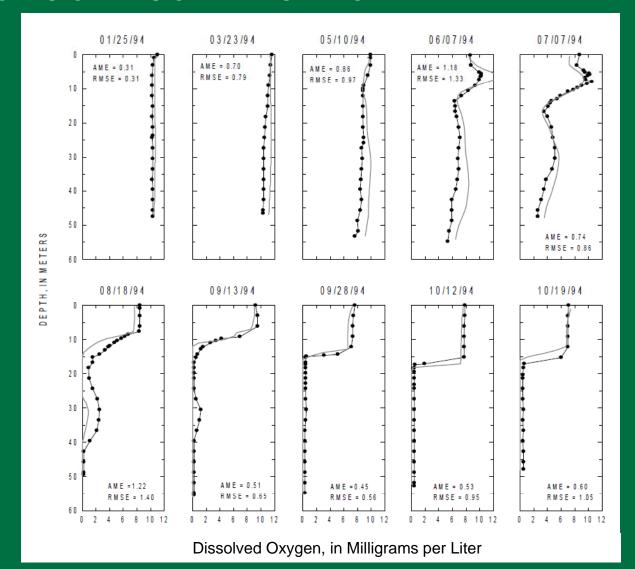


Source: Wetzel, 2001

### Reservoir Zones

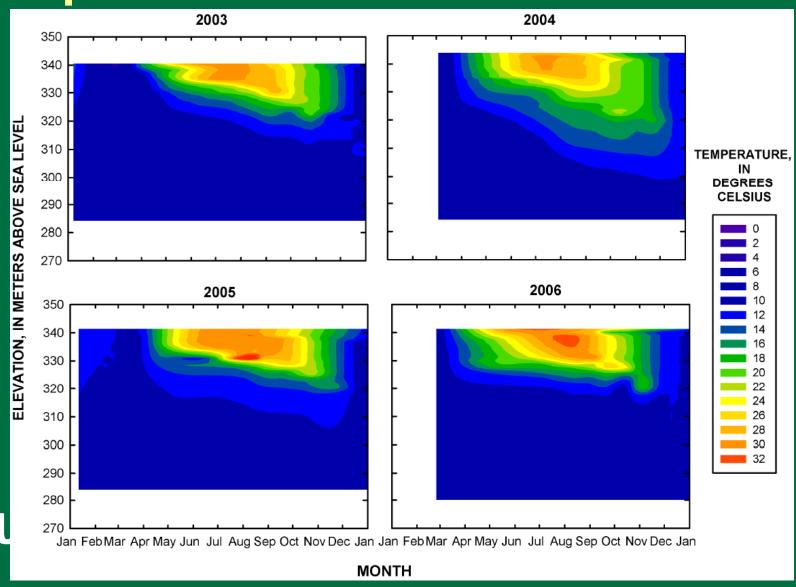


### Vertical Dissolved Oxygen Profiles Measured Near the Dam

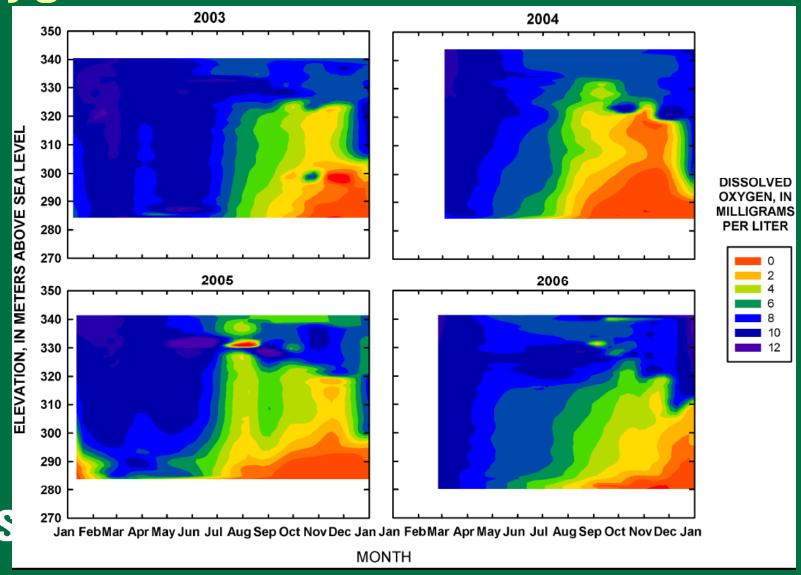




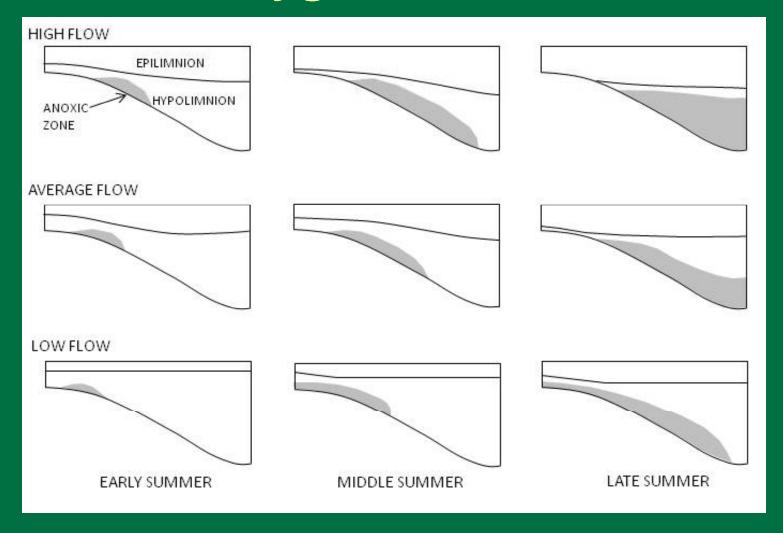
### Beaver Lake Measured Water Temperature



## Beaver Lake Measured Dissolved Oxygen

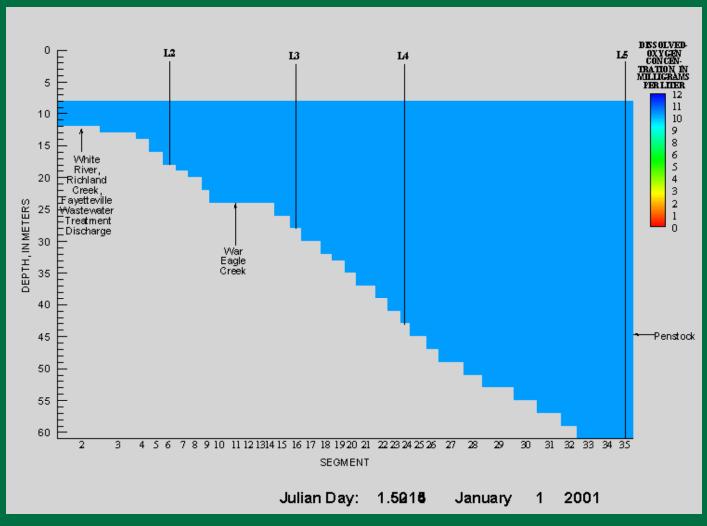


### **Dissolved Oxygen Patterns**

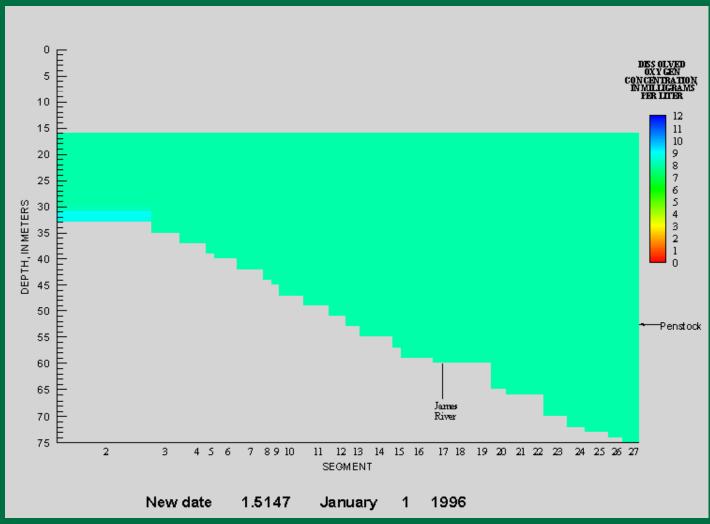




**Source: Cole and Hannah, 1990** 

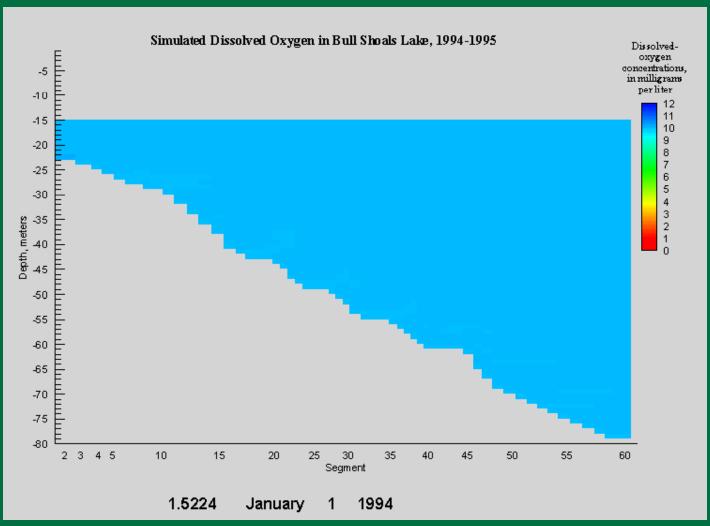






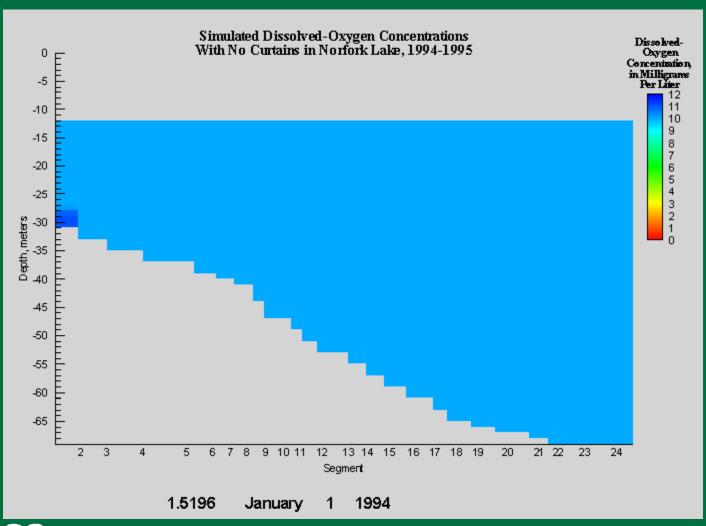


**Table Rock Lake** 





**Bull Shoals Lake** 





**Norfork Lake** 

### History

 Original study conducted in 1996, in cooperation with Arkansas Game and Fish Commission

Period of record was 1974-1994, 21 years of record

Since 1994, 14 more years of data have been collected, 35 years total.



### **Purpose and Scope**

- 1. Update annual areal hypolimnetic oxygen deficit rates (AHOD) from 1974 through the 2008 stratification season,
- 2. Examine trends in areal hypolimnetic oxygen deficits to infer trends in eutrophication from 1974-2008, and
- 3. Develop statistical models for each reservoir based on pool elevation and areal hypolimnetic oxygen content (AHOC) in the spring (April 15) to predict AHOD and therefore future AHOC later in the stratification season (for example, August 1, September 1, etc.).



### Approach

- Downloaded water temperature and dissolved oxygen profiles measured at the dam of each reservoir
- Received daily pool elevations from USACE
- Determined the vertical position or elevation of the thermocline for each profile
- Determined the oxygen content (AHOC) below the thermocline (hypolimnion) for each profile using USACE depth-capacity curves
- Determined the rate of change (slope) in hypolimnetic oxygen content over the stratification season becomes the deficit rate (AHOD)

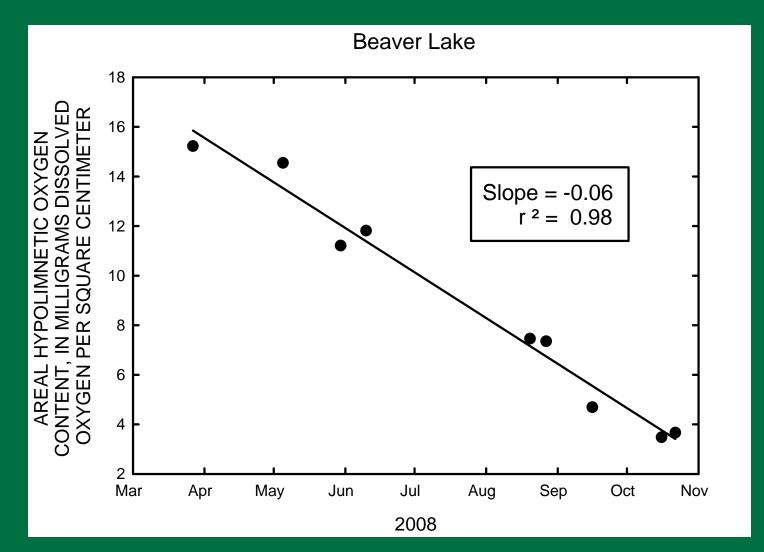


### Approach, continued

- Assumption -- Changes in annual oxygen deficit rates over the period of record (35 years) provide an indication of changes in eutrophication
- Average flushing rate was determined for each reservoir, for each stratification season
- Flushing-rate adjusted oxygen deficit rates were determined to re-examine eutrophication trends
- Predictive equations were developed to estimate hypolimnetic oxygen content throughout the stratification season, using pool elevation and hypolimnetic oxygen content on April 15

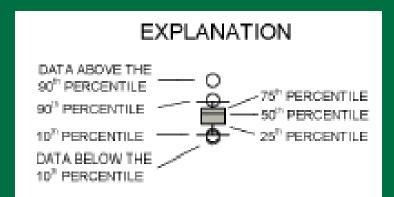


### Rate of Change in Areal Hypolimnetic Oxygen Content

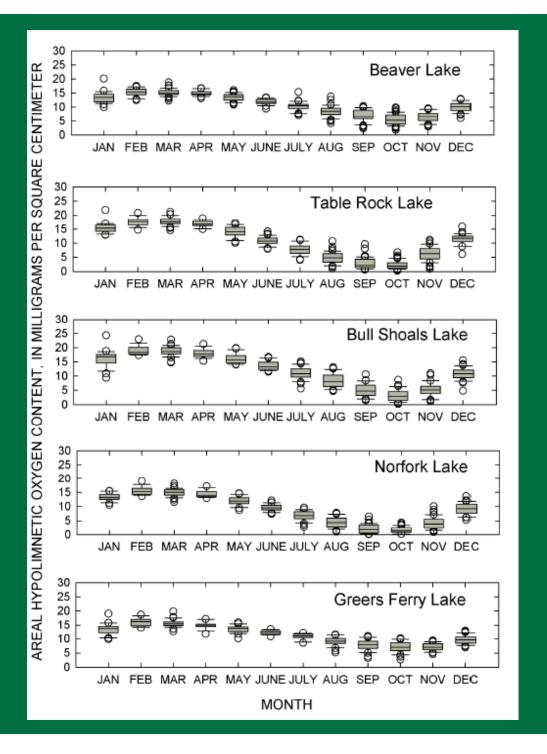




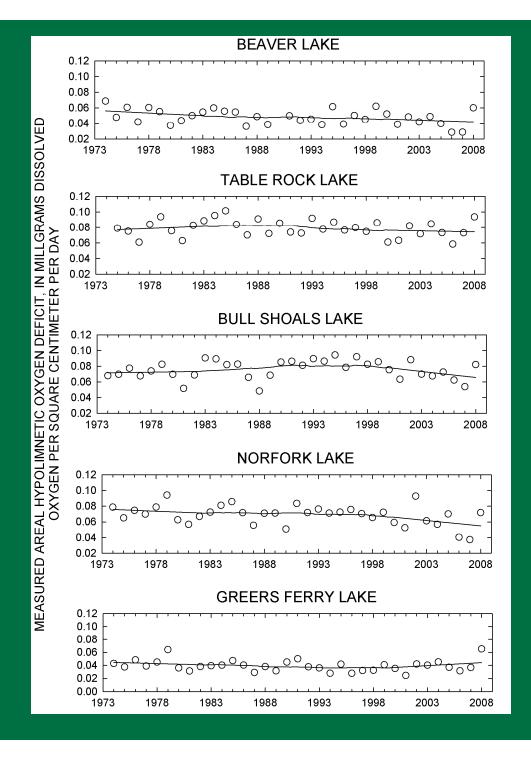
## Annual Cycle of Areal Hypolimetic Oxygen Content





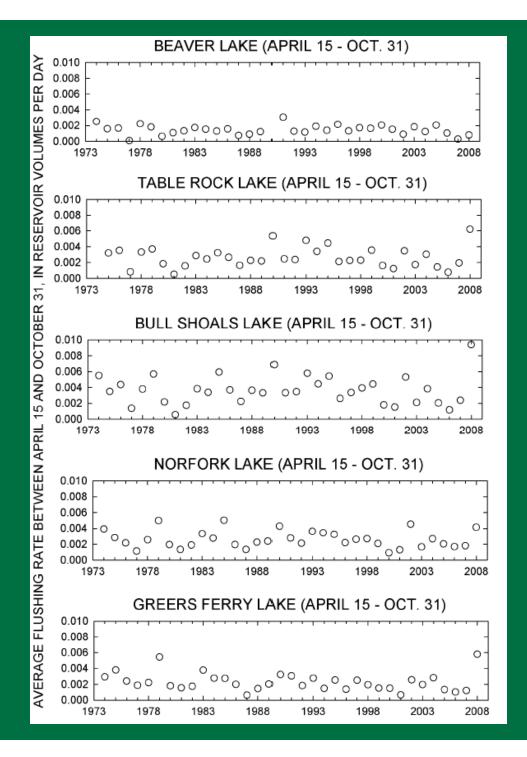


## Areal Hypolimetic Oxygen Deficit Rates



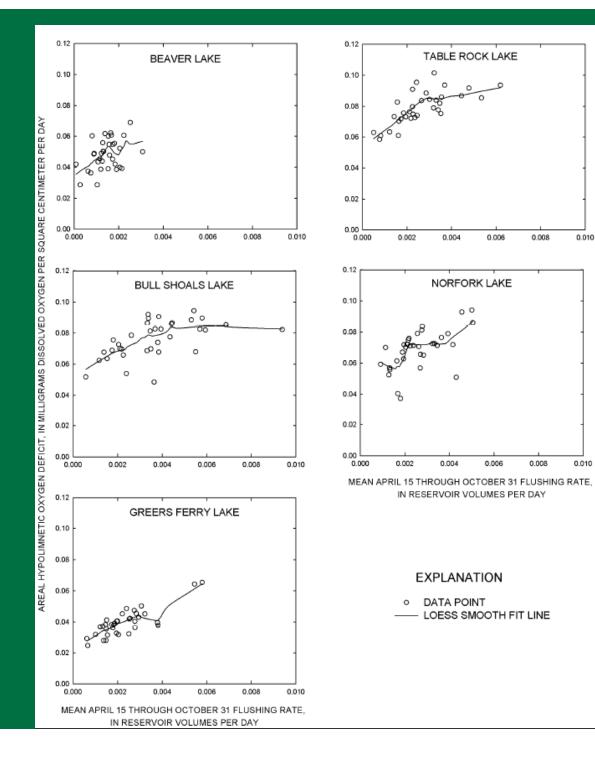


### Flushing Rate



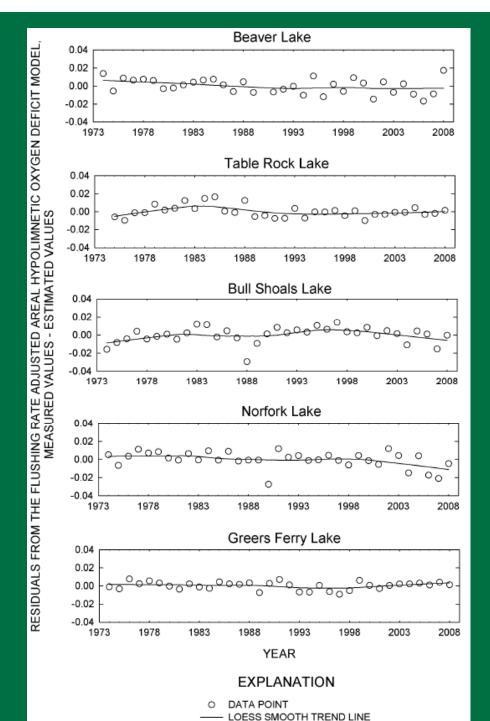


# Flushing Rate Relations with AHOD





## Flushing Rate Adjusted Areal Hypolimnetic Oxygen Deficit





### **Predictive Equations**

1) AHOD =  $\beta_1 + \beta_2$  (hypolimnetic oxygen content on April 15) +  $\beta_3$  (pool elevation on April 15)

2) AHOD =  $\beta_1 + \beta_2$  (year) +  $\beta_3$  (hypolimnetic oxygen content on April 15) +  $\beta_3$  (pool elevation on April 15)



### **Predictive Equations**

**Areal Hypolimnetic Oxygen Content plus Pool Elevation on April 15** 

	, o P	
	R <sup>2</sup>	P
Beaver Lake		
AHOD = -0.474 + (0.000754 *AHOC) + (0.000457 * Pool)	0.083	0.262
Table Rock Lake		
AHOD = -0.934 + (0.00221 * AHOC) + (0.00107 * Pool)	0.564	<0.001
Bull Shoals Lake		
AHOD = -0.150 + (0.000269 * AHOC) + (0.000337 * Pool)	0.084	0.247
Norfork Lake		
AHOD = -0.445 + (0.00400 * AHOC) + (0.000831 * Pool)	0.508	<0.001
Greers Ferry Lake		
AHOD = -0.363 + (0.000299 * AHOC) + (0.000859 * Pool)	0.350	0.001

### **Predictive Equations**

Year (1974-2008) plus Areal Hypolimnetic Oxygen Content plus Pool Elevation on April 15

 $\mathbb{R}^2$   $\mathbb{R}$ 

#### **Beaver Lake**

AHOD = 0.374 + (-0.000482 \* Year) + (-0.00156 \* AHOC) + (0.000586 \* Pool) 0.277 0.020

### **Table Rock Lake**

AHOD = -0.630 + (-0.000202 \* Year) + (0.00112 \* AHOC) + (0.00120 \* Pool) 0.583 < 0.001

#### **Bull Shoals Lake**

AHOD = -0.262 + (0.0000568 \* Year) + (0.000469 \* AHOC) + (0.000330 \* 0.086 0.420 Pool)

#### Norfork Lake

AHOD = 0.112 + (-0.000289 \* Year) + (0.00324 \* AHOC) + (0.000884 \* Pool) 0.551 < 0.001

### **Greers Ferry Lake**

AHOD = -0.0666 + (-0.000149 \* Year) + (-0.000259 \* AOC) + (0.000877 \* 0.376 0.002 Pool)



### Where we are today:

- The report has been drafted and in review.
- Predictive equations have been developed to test hypolimnetic oxygen deficit rates for the summer season given initial conditions of hypolimnetic oxygen content and pool elevation.
- Future efforts will be to examine different averaging periods for flushing rate to see if better relations can be developed

